*** 北米連携センター定期報告***

2014 年 6 月 11 日

●デジタルグローブ、より高解像度の衛星画像販売可能に

(Reuters, 2014/06/11)

衛星画像データを販売するデジタルグローブは、以前より米国政府に申請していたより解像度の高い衛星画像の販売許可が下りたことを発表。これにより、同社が販売できる画像の最高地上解像度は 50cm から 40cm に向上する。

また、8 月 13、14 日辺りに予定されている同社衛星「Worldview 3」打上げから 6 か月後には、最高地上解像度 25cm までの画像を販売することも可能になる。

同社は、政府やグーグルなどの民間企業に衛星画像を販売。採掘会社や石油会社 に衛星による監視や衛星画像の分析サービスも提供している。

同社の衛星は、既に解像度 41cm までの画像が撮影可能。新しい衛星は最高 31cm まで撮影できるようになるという。

(参考) 本件報道記事

DigitalGlobe gains U.S. govt license to sell sharper satellite imagery By Andrea Shalal

WASHINGTON, June 11 (Reuters) - Satellite imagery provider DigitalGlobe Inc said the U.S. government had approved its longstanding request to sell higher-resolution images, a move that could unlock \$400 million in additional market opportunities for the company.

DigitalGlobe, the only provider of high-resolution commercial satellite images in the United States, has received a license from the U.S. Commerce Department to start selling images with a resolution of 40 cm, up from 50 cm, effective immediately, its Chief Executive Jeffrey Tarr told Reuters.

The Longmont, Colorado-based company will also be able to sell images with a resolution of 25 cm six months after it launches its Worldview 3 satellite around August 13 or 14. That will allow users to go from being able to identify a car to being able to identify its make.

"It means we'll be able to solve new kinds of problems, and as a result, grow our

business," Tarr said, adding that the approval would allow the company to compete with high-resolution imagery now collected by airplanes, about half of which is taken at a resolution of 30 cm or higher.

The news could bolster the company's shares, which have jumped since mid-April when the U.S. intelligence community backed the company's request to sell sharper imagery. Its shares closed at \$30.58 on Tuesday, up 17.5 percent from a year low of \$26.02 on April 11.

Tarr said the decision could also boost the company's workforce of 1,300, but gave no further details.

DigitalGlobe sells satellite images used by governments and companies such as Google Inc to make maps. It also provides satellite monitoring for mining and oil companies, among others, and detailed analyses of the images it collects.

Letitia Long, the head of the U.S. National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency, the company's biggest single customer, told a conference last month that she expected the government to approve the company's license request.

She said failure to approve the license could cost U.S. industry its competitive edge given advances by other countries.

DigitalGlobe also announced that its Worldview 1 satellite would shift to a different orbit over the next two years so it could collect imagery over the earth in the afternoon hours.

The DigitalGlobe satellites already in orbit can capture images with a resolution of 41 cm, but the company has been banned from selling images at that resolution until now.

The new satellite will allow DigitalGlobe to increase that resolution to 31 cm. Satellite imagery collected by Europe's Airbus has a resolution of 70 cm, Tarr said.

The company could further improve the resolution of its imagery by flying its satellites in a lower orbit although it has not announced plans to do so.

Using better electro-optical sensors on the new satellite and short wave infrared equipment, Tarr said the company would be able to identify individual trees and plants, and even the moisture content of soil. (Reporting by Andrea Shalal; Editing by Edwina Gibbs)

Source: Reuters, 2014/06/11

以 上